Analyzing Online Purchase Intentions in Fashion E-Commerce in Indonesia

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Abstract

The significance of electronic commerce proceeds to develop in trade, giving businesses with an instrument to move forward profitable and promoting methodologies. In this setting, thoughtful this dissemination network gets to be a principal substance for both directors and scholastics. This study analyzes bases of online fashion trade and suggests a show of the arrangement of virtual buy purposeful. Based on the hypothesized show created through a point-by-point audit of the writing on the develops proposed and the result show quality of information have the highest impact on trust in online transaction. Another hand, reduce purchase time have the lowest impact on online buy deliberate of fashion

Keywords

Fashion, electronic commerce, Trust, Convenience

1. Introduction

Electronic commerce has moved from being a rising float, making unused openings for businesses and buyers, to being a settled in certainty whose numbers rise. Businesses are continuously careful of this truth, and they routinely solidify this gadget into their exchange methods as one more scattering channel where corporations got to be appeared. Meanwhile online shopping is picking up centrality, considerate this transport channel, from the idea of see of both the clients and industries, is an essential issue for e-commerce administrators and scholastics (Goldsmith and Flynn 2004; Kim et al. 2011). From the companies' point of see, it is imperative to urge it promote needs when it derives to utilizing this dispersal channel. Because it was by understanding the factors that affect users' choice to buy plan online will corporations be able to fulfill their requirements.

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Our research will focus on the intention popular product category on the Internet. The flow of information enabled by the Internet fosters a variety of B2C business strategies and models, providing a wide range of opportunities and different challenges for consumers and businesses (Goldsmith 2000; Rowley and Slack 2001). Online retailers are changing the way retailers develop their global expansion strategies (Kearney 2012). Human acceptance of ICT, such as e-commerce sites, has been tested using a variety of theoretical approaches. The best known are the Organized Behavior Hypothesis (TPB) (Schifter and Ajzen 1985), Innovation Recognition Demonstration (TAM) (Davis 1989) and the Joint Recognition and Use of Innovation Hypothesis (UTAUT) (Venkatesh et al. 2003).

On the basis of previous studies, this study analyzes factors determining the intending consumers on the purchase of fashion on the Internet by integrating the set of variables considered in the e-commerce literature as a whole and a specific fashion case. While the previous study looked at the variables that influence the behavioral intention of consumers to accept the technology and explained the adoption of the technology in different sectors, the study lacks some important variables influencing the fashion sector. In the field of fashion, there has been a lot of research pointing to various variables that influence the intention to buy fashionable clothes online: website privacy and security features (Mukherjee and Nath 2007), shared supplier values (Mukherjee and Nath 2007), trust (Mukherjee and Nath 2007), Internet Innovation (Goldsmith & Flynn 2004) and Apparel Innovation (Goldsmith and Flynn 2004), and clothing innovativeness (Goldsmith and Flynn 2004; Park et al. 2007).

This paper aims (1) to study the factors Online buy deliberate of fashion; (2) to assess the impacts of 'Creative fashion and Technology support', 'trust', and 'value' on Online buy deliberate of fashion; (3) Reduce purchase cost and Reduce purchase time and 'trust' can influence 'value', Online buy deliberate of fashion, and the actual purchase of clothes through electronic commerce and (4) to analyze the impact of transaction security and information quality factors on consumer confidence in online fashion purchases. The structure of the article is as follows: in the next section we review the relevant literature and present our working hypotheses. In the next section, we present the methodology used in this study. The results are then discussed and in the last section we explain the implications and conclusions of our study and make recommendations for possible future studies.

2. Literature Review and Hypothesis

This examination takes as its starting point the past composing on the acknowledgment of design online centers on four illustrative variables: development back, mold innovativeness, believe, and seen esteem. As they are broadly considered inside the composing of online commerce, analyzing these four components as conceivable illustrative components of purchase deliberate online appeared significant to us. Inside the to start with put, our consider takes accept, decrease purchase taken a toll and decrease purchase time as forerunners of seen esteem, a variable broadly examined in ICT utilization that will not be missed inside the examination of the e-commerce ponder. Moreover, the centrality of believe within the e-business trade has been illustrated by a number of makers (Warrington et al. 2000.

A. Creativity, Innovation and Technology

Innovativeness: innovativeness with technology, fashion creativity, and the purposeful to buy mold online Individual creativity is the grade of intrigued in embracing somewhat unused, whether an item, benefit (Rogers 1995). Past considers have appeared that individual innovativeness encompasses an altogether progressive impact on online buying choices (Crespo and del Bosque 2008). Bounty of inquire about has demonstrated individual creativity as a crucial driver for choice creating. Imaginative people have moreover been appeared to be forthcoming, inquisitive, energetic, wander a few, and inspiration-pursuing (Kim et al. 2010a), and it is concurred that profoundly imaginative people are dynamic data searchers with respect to modern thoughts (Tariq 2007).

When analyzing online buy purposeful for mold products, we recognized mold creativity and technology support as key components influencing the decision-making prepare of buying mold online .Stop et al. (2007) pointed to mold creativity as a coordinate figure affecting consumers' demeanors toward online acquiring. Concurring to shopper analysts, the worthiness of a item, benefit (Rogers 1995). Understanding fashion creativity as the consideration and intrigued of shoppers in clothing and embellishments notwithstanding of the patterns set by the enormous design firms, it appears curiously to analyze its affect on online acquiring purposeful. The moment domain-specific figure analyzed in this ponder is electronic innovativeness, the readiness to receive an inventive innovation (Kuo and Yen 2008). The Development Dissemination Hypothesis (Rogers 1995) relates emphatically the selection of imaginative innovation to the eagerness to undertake and acknowledge modern things. Agreeing to the beyond explanations, the subsequent hypotheses can be proven:

- H1 Creative fashion is completely connected to the online buy deliberate of fashion.
- H2 Technology support is completely connected to the online buy deliberate of fashion.

B. Perceived security and information quality as antecedents of trust and their relation

The nonattendance of physical contact among consumer and merchant for online retailing, where believe is of crucial significance. Online retailing is characterized as the electronic interaction through the Web where retailing exercises take put, carrying out a Commercial relationship that leads to a trade of esteem (Jones et al. 2000). In this setting, believe and commitment are the center standards in building effective long-term connections (Mukherjee and Nath 2007). The concept of believe consolidates thoughts from a wide run of disciplines: financial matters, showcasing, humanism, brain research, organization behavior, technique, data frameworks, and choice sciences.

This diminished customers' level of believe, disheartening them from giving individual data and making online buys. The level of vulnerability and hazard that clients see in online exchanges isn't subordinate on exchanges really being secure, and the above-mentioned advancements made by companies don't relatively increment believe in electronic exchanges (Klang 2001). In any case, improvements in Web installment frameworks have caused the normal client to be less concerned almost the security of electronic trades or security issues (Swaminathan et al. 1999). In arrange to extend customers' perceived sense of privacy and security, it is still fundamental to form the

desired level of believe to empower online exchanges (Kim et al. 2008), since retailers' adherence to a logical evaluation of security and security based on innovative arrangements and legitimate rules isn't considered adequate (Kim et al. 2008).

Most online shops permit customers to go specifically to particular item categories and build up their claim channels, maintaining a strategic distance from the showcasing diversions of the ordinary store. In this environment, customers are not able to involvement the store's air, connected with a sales representative, or look for tangible incitement, and companies are making enormous endeavors to direct this affect so that it does not impact buys, endeavoring for a idealize shopping environment. These 'experience-oriented' highlights are primary characteristics of online stores whereas advertising wealthy data, simple get to, and the comfort of the Web. The data quality of websites has been pointed out in past investigate as a determinant of online buy choices (Kim et al. 2012; Kuan et al. 2008). In reality, the vendor's site is frequently compared to the offline shop storefront, and within the online circle the websites appear the vendor's dependability.

The second set of hypotheses for this study is as follows:

- H3 Security transaction is positively related to trust in online buying.
- H4 Information quality is positively related to trust in online buying.
- H5 Trust is positively related to online buy deliberate of fashion.

C. Belief, reduce time and cost purchase, value, and their relationships

The perceived value of a certain online purchase of clothing will determine the realization of the actual online transaction. Perceived value, as the belief that buying the garment through an online website will be satisfactory and will add value to the transaction, is closely related to performance expectancy. It is therefore influenced by the possible benefits to be obtained by the nature of the distribution channel, beyond time and cost efficiency (SanMartı'n and Herrero 2012). On the other hand, performance expectancy has been broadly defined as the degree to which an individual believes that using the system will help to improve the performance of a task or job (San Martı'n and Herrero 2012. (Venkatesh et al. 2003).

Online shopping provides the usefulness of time and cost reduction needed to search for the best price and the best product (Li et al. 1999). The convenience or utilitarian orientation of online shopping leads Internet shoppers to website features that save search costs in order to pursue their utilitarian outcomes during shopping (Li et al. 1999). one of the most important benefits of online shopping is that shoppers can save the time and effort needed for door-to-door visits to each store for product or price comparisons; Li et al. 1999).

Consumers who value convenience are more likely to buy on the Web, whereas those who prefer experiencing products are less likely to buy online (Donthu and Garcı'a 1999). Apart from the studied variables of time saving (; SanMartı'n and Herrero 2012) and cost saving (Jensen 2012; Sun et al. 204; Wen2012), we add to the discussion trust as a very important determinant of perceived value. According to Kim et al. (2012), if consumers have trust in an online seller, they expend less effort on searching for information about the online seller and on executing the online transaction. Kim et al. (2012) have examined the influence of trust on perceived value and confirmed this influence, but there is a lack of studies examining this relationship in the field of fashion e-commerce.

Consequently, the final group of hypotheses is:

- H6 Trust is completely connected to perceived value in online buying.
- H7 Reduce purchase cost is completely connected to supposed value in online buying.
- H8 Reduce purchase time is completely connected to supposed value in online buying.
- H9 Supposed value is completely connected to online buy deliberate of fashion.

The projected model has 9 hypotheses, which have been created from the relationships of these nine components (Fig. 1).

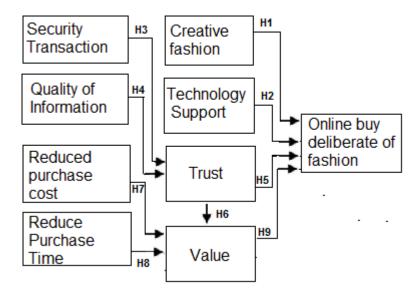


Figure 1. Online loyalty model

3. Results and Discussion

This investigate has shown Fit. Analysts ought to be exceptionally cautious to report and utilize demonstrate fit in PLS-SEM (Hair et al. 2017) (figure 3). The show fit since a few necessities are fulfill such as SMRS and NFI. SRMR is characterized as the distinction between the watched relationship and the demonstrate inferred relationship lattice. In this way, it permits evaluating the normal greatness of the errors between watched and anticipated relationships as a supreme degree of (show) fit model. The result of run information show discovers SRMR Immersed Demonstrate 0.071 and Estimated Model 0.075 less than 0.08.

That value less than 0.10 or of 0.08 (in a more traditionalist adaptation (Hu and Bentler, 1998) are considered a great fit. The SRMR as a goodness of fit degree for PLS-SEM that can be utilized to maintain a strategic distance from demonstrate misspecification (Henseler et al. 2013). The NFI is at that point characterized as 1 short the Chi² esteem of the proposed demonstrate separated by the Chi² values of the invalid show. Subsequently, the NFI comes about in values between and 1. The closer the NFI to 1, the superior the fit. NFI values over 0.9 ordinarily speak to worthy fit. Lohmöller (1989) gives nitty gritty data on the NFI computation of PLS way models. In any case, for the connected client, these explications are very troublesome to comprehend. The result of run information get value 0.713 close to 1.

The goodness of fit of a statistical model describes how well the model fits a series of observations made (Hair et al., 2017). The goodness of fit measure usually summarizes the difference between the observed value and the expected value in the model. These steps can be used in determining the validity of the results of statistical hypothesis testing. Coefficient determination (R-Square) measures the size of the endogenous variable such as Online buy deliberate of fashion has determined 0.721 in high category determination (> 0.67) by independent variable; Trust in online has determined 0.644 in medium category determination, and so Value in online has determined 0.638 in medium category determination

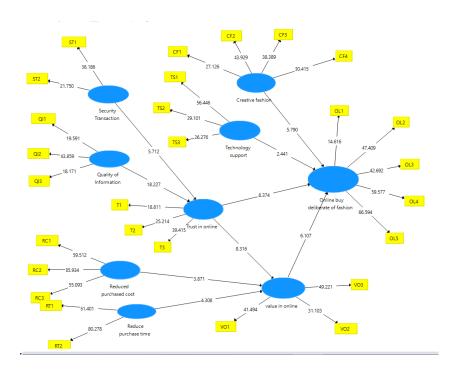


Figure 2. Bootstrapping

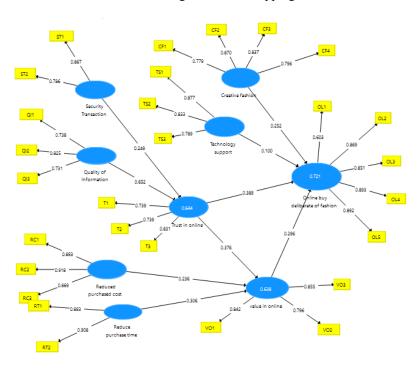


Figure 3. Model PLS Algorithm

Table 1. Hypothesis results

Result of Hipotesis	Original	Sample	Standard	T Statistics	P	Result
_	Sample	Mean	Deviation	(O/STDEV)	Values	
	(O)	(M)	(STDEV)			

(H1) Creative fashion -> Online buy	0.252	0.255	0.044	5.790	0.000	Significant
deliberate of fashion						positive
(H2) Technology support -> Online	0.100	0.098	0.041	2.441	0.015	Significant
buy deliberate of fashion						positive
(H3) Security Transaction -> Trust in	0.249	0.253	0.044	5.712	0.000	Significant
online						positive
(H4) Security Transaction -> Value in	0.094	0.095	0.020	4.615	0.000	Significant
online						positive
(H5) Quality of Information -> Online	0.326	0.326	0.030	10.813	0.000	Significant
buy deliberate of fashion						positive
(H6) Quality of Information -> Trust	0.652	0.650	0.036	18.227	0.000	Significant
in online						positive
(H7) Quality of Information -> value	0.245	0.245	0.035	7.109	0.000	Significant
in online						positive
(H8) Trust in online -> Online buy	0.501	0.502	0.036	13.880	0.000	Significant
deliberate of fashion						positive
(H9) Trust in online -> value in online	0.376	0.376	0.045	8.316	0.000	Significant
						positive
(H10) Reduced purchased cost ->	0.070	0.070	0.021	3.365	0.001	Significant
Online buy deliberate of fashion						positive
(H11) Reduced purchased cost ->	0.236	0.237	0.061	3.871	0.000	Significant
value in online						positive
(H12) Reduce purchase time ->	0.091	0.092	0.026	3.494	0.000	Significant
Online buy deliberate of fashion						positive
(H13) Reduce purchase time -> value	0.306	0.309	0.071	4.308	0.000	Significant
in online						positive
(H14) Value in online -> Online buy	0.296	0.297	0.049	6.107	0.000	Significant
deliberate of fashion						positive

4. Conclusion

Based on the results of the above calculations show all the hypotheses are proven convincingly. The level of customer trust to transact online is especially influenced by transaction security and information quality. The value of online transactions is also affected by reduced transaction costs and time. In the end, the customer's desire to transact online, especially fashion, is influenced by creativity, technology support, trust and value.

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Biography

Inayatulloh is a candidate doctor at Bina Nusanatara University's Doctor of Computer Science. Since 2000, Inayatulloh has been a lecturer at several universities and colleges in Indonesia such as Bina Nusanatara University, Indonusa University, State Islamic University, Archipelago Economics College and is currently a lecturer at Bina Nusanatara University in the school of information system. Scopus indexed publications have been produced with topics related to information systems such as e-learning, e-SCM, e-CRM. E-government and others